

Determine the intervals of concavity and inflection points for

$$f(x) = x^4 - 2x^3 + x - 2$$

$$f'(x) = 4x^3 - 6x^2 + 1$$

$$f''(x) = 12x^2 - 12x$$

$$0 = 12x(x-1)$$

$$x = 0 \text{ ; } x = 1$$

	$12x(x-1)$	$f''(x)$	
$(-\infty, 0)$	-	-	CU
$(0, 1)$	+	-	CD
$(1, \infty)$	+	+	CU

$\left. \begin{matrix} \text{CU} \\ \text{CD} \\ \text{CU} \end{matrix} \right\} \text{POI}$   
 $\left. \begin{matrix} \text{CD} \\ \text{CU} \end{matrix} \right\} \text{POI}$

Points of Inflection are  $(0, -2)$  ;  $(1, -2)$

Jan 9-1:43 PM

Calculus 120  
Unit 4: Applications of Differentiation

May 1, 2019: Day #7

1. Quiz on Monday
2. Assignment Due Tomorrow

Jan 9-1:43 PM

**Curriculum Outcomes**

**C8:** Use Calculus techniques to sketch the graph of a function.

**C9:** Use Calculus techniques to solve optimization problems

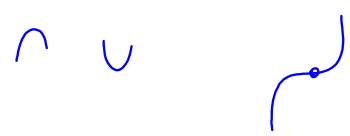
**C11:** Use Calculus techniques to solve problems involving related rates.

Jan 24-9:32 AM

**The Second Derivative Test for Max/Min Values**

If  $f'(c) = 0$  and  $f''(c) > 0$ , then  $f$  has a local minimum at  $c$ .

If  $f'(c) = 0$  and  $f''(c) < 0$ , then  $f$  has a local maximum at  $c$ .



Apr 19-11:22 AM

Use the second derivative test to determine the local maximum and minimum values of  $f(x) = x^3 - 12x + 5$ .

Apr 26-2:29 PM

Use the second derivative test to determine the local maximum and minimum values of  $f(x) = x^4 - 8x^3$ .

Apr 26-2:32 PM



## Attachments

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2.1\_74\_AP.html



2.1\_74\_AP.swf



2.1\_74\_AP.html